Not just for snacks: vending machines as an innovative method for harm reduction

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LOCAL

Where to find a Narcan vending machine in San Diego

by: Amber Coakley Posted: Mar 10, 2023 / 08:29 AM PST Updated: Mar 10, 2023 / 09:10 AM PST



This photo shows a newly installed Narcan vending machine at the McAlister South Bay Regional Recovery Center in Chula Vista. (KSWB Photo)



First Narcan vending machine in Kentucky emptied out one day after opening

by ZACHARY ROGERS | The National Desk | Thu, October 6th 2022, 3:25 PM EDT





FILE - Narcan vending machine (SBG)





VINE GROVE, Ky. (TND) — The city of Vine Grove, Kentucky, along with its police department, was proud to unveil the first Narcan vending machine in the state last Thursday.

Narcan, the brand name for the drug naloxone, is a lifesaving medication used to reverse the effects of a drug overdose, particularly the effects of opioid overdoses. Police officers across America have used Narcan and naloxone to save lives.





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The first vending machine distributing free Narcan and fentanyl test strips can be seen here in Milwaukee at the Marcia P. Coggs Human Services Center. Evan Casey/WPR

Milwaukee County will place vending machines filled with free Narcan, fentanyl test strips throughout community



Clark Memorial Health first hospital in the state with a naloxone vending machine

January 19, 2022





Philly unveils first-of-its-kind Narcan vending machine at West Philly Free Library

The pilot program for distributing the overdose-reversing drug is funded by a grant from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

By Nina Feldman · February 3, 2022



Health Commissioner Cheryl Bettigole with the Narcan vending machine. (Nina Feldman / WHYY)



Vending machines

A pragmatic, non-stigmatizing, low-barrier, 24/7 platform for delivering critical health "items" in underserved areas to improve community health





What are the benefits of using vending machines?

Available 24/7

 Open when businesses and other services are closed (night-time, holidays, weekends)

Anonymous

- Avoids in-person interaction
- Reduces stigma

Flexible and customizable

- Adjust items based on community's needs
- Offer multiple items to serve different needs





Potentially increase engagement among hard to reach, vulnerable populations



Bridge gaps in care unmet by traditional healthcare and public health programs



Increase accessibility of items & services needed for community health

History of using vending machines for harm reduction

- Largely started with clean syringe exchanges in 1989 with the HIV epidemic
- Locations:
 - Mostly in Australia and Europe
 - Based within public settings, occasionally in prisons and schools
- Other variations:
 - Condoms, HIV self-tests, nicotine replacement therapy, and now naloxone
- Target demographics:
 - People who use drugs (PWUD)
 - Men who have sex with men (MSM)
 - Young (sexually active) adults



Our pilot study in central PA



Goal of pilot study:

Implement "smart" vending machines in the community as a means to promote health and harm reduction in underserved, hard-to-reach populations.



What are "smart" vending machines?

- 42" interactive touch screen + cellular/WiFi connection allows for:
 - playing customized videos
 - needs assessment & data collection from users' interactions
 - real-time alerts
 - connections to treatment, social services, peer recovery coaches
- Automatic cloud-based data collection provides real-time data on dispensed items, services, item re-stocking needs



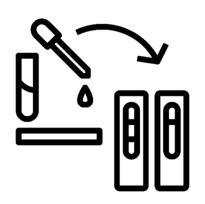




While Naloxone is one item that can be dispensed...

Obtained from www.Narcan.com

...there are many other potential items that can be included to improve the community's health











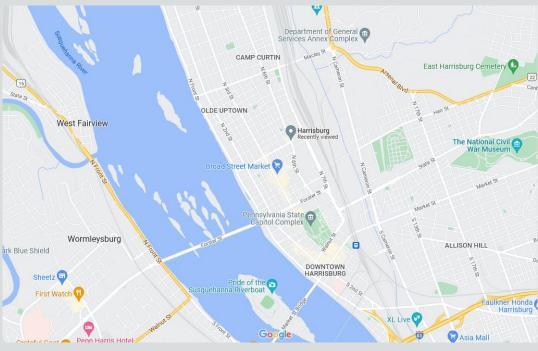
Beyond dispensing items...

The vending machine can also connect individuals to treatment, social and medical services, peer support





Here is a list of nearby supports and services to help you connect to care. This map shows the locations of resources near this vending machine.



Choose a category or browse listings.



Addiction and mental health



Hospital and health services



Shelter and Housing



Food and clothing



Support Services





Beyond dispensing items and connecting individuals to services...

The vending machine can also collect data on usage and have users answer customized survey questions



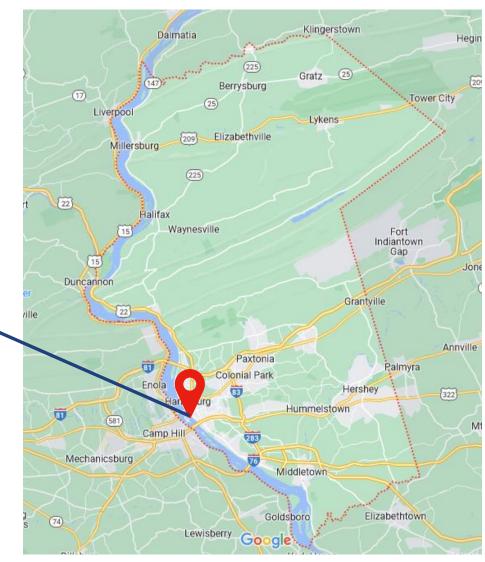
Proposed Vending Machine Location #1: Harrisburg

Harrisburg location

Outside UPMC ED entrance

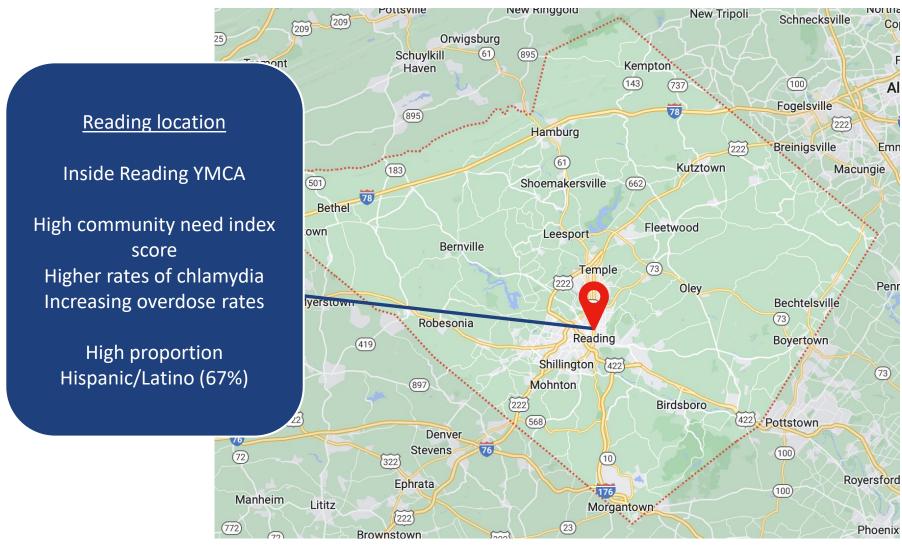
High community need index score
Higher rates of drug overdose deaths, chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis

High proportion African-American (52%)





Proposed Vending Machine Location #2: Reading



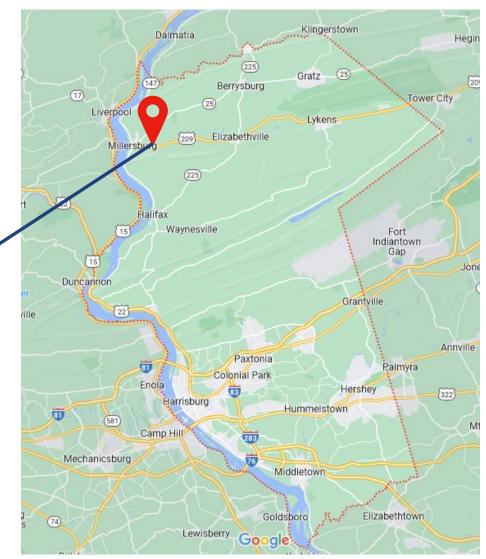


Future Vending Machine Location #3: Millersburg

Millersburg location

Location TBD

Rural location, with reduced access to health care

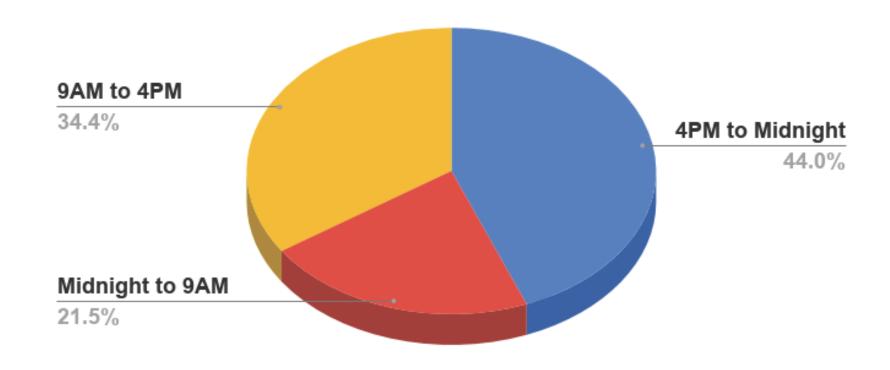




Proposed Data Evaluation



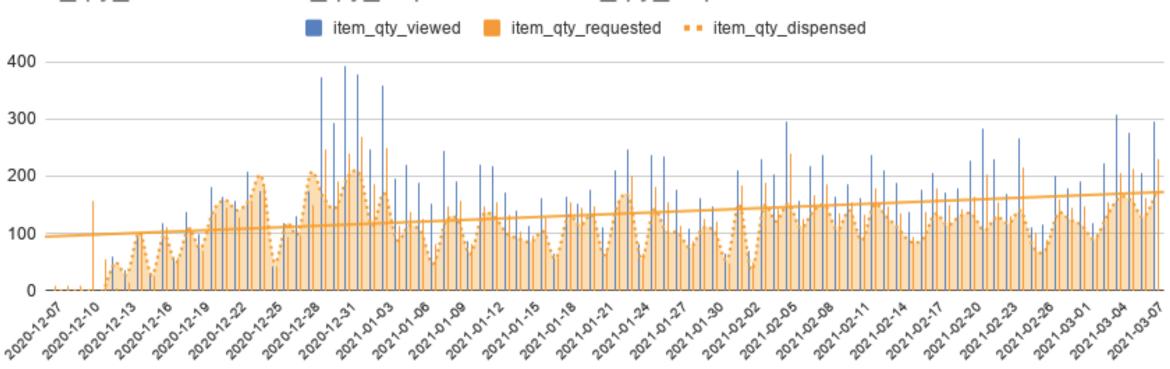
Data collected from the vending machine: usage (examples from Canada)





Data collected from the vending machine: item utilization (examples from Canada)

item_qty_viewed vs item_qty_requested vs item_qty_dispensed





Data collected from the vending machine: survey questions

- Customizable survey questions on the touchscreen, e.g.:
 - Demographics: Housing status, sex, gender, race, ethnicity, etc.
 - Health care access: "Have you seen a health care provider in the past year?"
 - Naloxone access, use: "How often do you access Naloxone?"
 - Overdoses: "When you encountered an overdose and used naloxone from our vending machine, what did you do?"
 - Satisfaction: "Which items are you satisfied with?"
 - Perceived impact: "Is this vending machine making an impact on reducing stigma (negative opinions) around harm reduction supplies?"
- User registration: create an anonymous user ID & track over time



Other data collection: interviews, focus groups

Ways to improve the vending machine user interaction process

Perceived vending machine impact

Experiences with the vending machine



Community stakeholders



Other data collection: exploring larger impact

1) International data

- Pilot-testing of smart vending machine is starting across all Canadian provinces (~ 100 VMs in 2-3 years)
- "Our HealthBox" focused on HIV self-testing & harm reduction supplies

- 2) Local public health metrics (e.g. naloxone administration, overdose response, law enforcement arrests)
- Pilot project on utilization of upcoming opioid settlement funds in PA

Our current status



Project timeline

Phase 1: Engage with stakeholders to identify community's preferences and needs, and develop an implementation and evaluation plan for the vending machine

- Identified optimal locations for vending machine placement
- Assembled advisory council of stakeholders
- Obtaining feedback from community partners

Phase 2: Place vending machines into the community

- Collect data from vending machines' cloud-based data system on items distributed, number of linkages facilitated, time of day accessed
- Continued engagement with stakeholders, community members & advisory council on iterative feedback

Phase 3: Explore community-level impact of vending machines by leveraging existing public health metrics

 Obtain data from EMS, public health department, local law enforcement, ED on overdoses and other related metrics



Unexpected changes and hurdles

IRB approval process: novel type of project

PA elections in November 2022, including for governor

Finding the right location: not all enthusiastic

Legalization of fentanyl tests, other drug checking tests

FDA's approval for over-the-counter use of Narcan



Our goal is to have vending machines be an ubiquitous part of the community







Smart vending machines:

an innovative way to help reach underserved populations, reduce health disparities, and improve community health



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Berks County



Addiction and Harm Reduction **Community Organizations**







ADVOCATE, ACT, ADVANCE,

Thank you!

Questions? Thoughts?